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DEVELOPMENT OF FINITE LOCAL PERTURBATIONS OF ELECTRICAL CONDUCTIVITY IN THE FLOW OF A WEAKLY-CONDUCTING GAS WHEN A MAGNETIC FIELD IS PRESENT

Ъу

L.A. Zaklyaz'minskiy, V.S. Sokolov, et al.





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Block	Italic	Transliteration	Block	Italic	Transliteration
A a	A a	A, a	Рр	Pp	R, r
5 6	Бб	B, b	Сс	Cc	S, s
Вв	B •	V, v	Тт	T m	T, t
Гг	Γ *	G, g	Уу	Уу	U, u
Дц	Дд	D, d	Фф	Φ φ	F, f
Еe	E .	Ye, ye; E, e*	X ×	Xx	Kh, kh
Жж	ж ж	Zh, zh	Цц	4 u	Ts, ts
Зэ·	3 ;	Z, z	Ч ч	4 4	Ch, ch
Ии	Иu	I, i	Шш	Шш	Sh, sh
Йй	A a	Y, y	Щщ	Щщ	Sheh, sheh
Кк	KK	K, k	Ъъ	ъ	11
Лл	ЛА	L, 1	Ыы	Ы u	Y, y
₩ M	Мм	M, m	Ьь	ь.	t
Нн	Н н	N, n	Ээ	9 ,	E, e
i o	0 0	0, 0	Юю	10 n	Yu, yu
n n	Пп	P, p	Яя	Як	Ya, ya

*ye initially, after vowels, and after b, b; e elsewhere. When written as e in Russian, transliterate as ye or e.

RUSSIAN AND ENGLISH TRIGONOMETRIC FUNCTIONS

Russian	English	Russian	English	Russian	English
sin	sin	sh	sinh	arc sh	sinh ^l
cos	cos	ch	cosh	arc ch	cosh ⁻¹
tg	tan	th	tanh	arc th	tanh l
ctg	cot	cth	coth	arc cth	coth ⁻¹
sec	sec	sch	sech	arc sch	sech_1
cosec	csc	csch	csch	arc csch	csch ^l

Russian	English		
rot	curl		
lg	log		

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L.A.	Zaklyaz	'minskiy,	v.s.	Sokolov	(ITPM),
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L.M. Degtyarev, S.P. Kurdyumov, A.A. Samarskiy,

A.P. Favorskiy (IMP)

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The analysis is made with the help of a numerical solution of equations of magnetic hydrodynamics, formulated in the assumption that the electron, ion and neutral components of the medium are found in thermodynamic equilibrium: the viscosity, Hall effect and transfer of energy by radiation are not taken into account.

A steady-state flow of a radial supersonic source of gas is used as the initial steady-state flow of gas (Fig. 2.16). The flow is analyzed when ">2, . In the section "=", the number M>1. The gas is a mixture of argon with an additive of 0.1% cesium. At the initial moment of time in the steady-state flow in the area " there is an increase of temperature up to the magnitude T=T. The goal of this work is investigating the levels, at which this initial perturbation of temperature will develop into a T-layer. The magnitudes of the

strength of the magnetic field and the initial temperature of perturbation varied as the parameters. Figure 2.18 gives a characteristic example of the development of the process.

An analysis of the calculation results showed that there is a fundamental possibility of inducing a T-layer with the help of a local finite perturbation of electrical confuctivity.

The nature of the process depends on the parameter of hydromagnetic interaction $R_{\text{N}} = R_{\text{CN}} \cdot R_{\text{N}} = \frac{4\pi}{C^{3}} \text{ G.V. L.} \frac{H^{3}_{\text{N}}}{4\pi R_{\text{N}}} \quad , \text{ calculated}$ based on the variables in the zone or perturbation. It is shown that there is a critical value of the parameter R_{N}^{*} such that if $R_{\text{N}} < R_{\text{N}}^{*}$, the disturbance of temperature will not lead to noticeable changes in the course of the process. If $R_{\text{N}} > R_{\text{N}}^{*}$, then a T-layer develops (Fig. 2.19).

Figure 2.17 shows the curve $Re_{\mu}R_{\nu}=R_{\mu}^{*}$, separating the area of existence of the T-layer (upper section) from the area where the presence of perturations in the flow does not lead to any serious changes in the process.

The variable R_{H}^{\bullet} depends on the nature of the steady-state flow of gas (from the stage of expansion of the gas in this flow).

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